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# NOTES AND NEWS

M. Ernest Hamel, the biographer of Robespierre, died in Paris on January 6, aged 71. Besides his three-volume life of Robespierre, he wrote a Vie de St. Just, a Histoire de la République sous le Directoire et le Consulat, a book on the conspiracies of General Malet, and a volume on Étienne Marcel.

The Archaeological Institute of America, desiring to acquire greater unity and uniformity in its publications, has determined hereafter to issue all its publications and those of the Schools of Classical Studies at Athens and Rome in a periodical of its own; and for this purpose has acquired the American Journal of Archaeology. It has now issued, under the care of Professor J. H. Wright, of Harvard, as editor-in-chief, assisted by a distinguished editorial board, the first two numbers of the American Journal of Archaeology, Second Series, The Journal of the Archaeological Institute of America, a handsome periodical, published by The Macmillan Co. The first number consists of the first annual report of the American School of Classical Studies in Rome (1895–1896). The second contains the annual reports of the Council of the Institute and of the Schools at Athens and Rome for 1896–1897.

The first half of Dr. R. L. Poole's Historical Atlas of Modern Europe is now completed by the issue of Part XV. It contains three maps: one of Scotland about 1600, by Mr. G. Gregory Smith, one showing the ecclesiastical organization of the Spanish peninsula, by the editor, one of Western Asia under the Mohammedan dynasties toward the end of the tenth and of the eleventh centuries, by Mr. S. Lane-Poole. The Scottish map is based on contemporary manuscript maps and documents, and gives the territorial or district names (Eskdale, Tweeddale, Teviotdale, etc.), as well as those of counties, towns, etc. The letter-press to the Spanish map includes a chronological table, showing the successive restoration of sees during the Middle Ages, as Christendom advanced on Islam. The execution of the maps is, like those of the whole series, admirable. Part XIV. contains a map of France in the thirteenth century, by Mr. W. E. Rhodes, and a double map of the Eastern Roman Empire in the tenth century, by Professor Bury.

In a land so devoted to genealogy as ours, a systematic treatise on the general subject, by a competent scientific authority, ought surely to be welcomed. Such a book is Professor Ottokar Lorenz's Lehrbuch der gesammten wissenschaftlichen Genealogie; Stammbaum und Ahnentafel in ihrer geschichtlichen sociologischen und naturwissenschaftlichen Bedeutung (Berlin, Besser, pp. 489).

Another of the auxiliary sciences is the theme of the latest issue in the *Historische Bibliothek*, which is published by the editors of the *Historische Zeitschrift*: Dr. Richard Rosenmund's *Die Fortschritte der Diplomatik seit Mabillon vornehmlich in Deutschland-Oesterreich* (Munich, R. Oldenbourg, pp. 125).

## ANCIENT HISTORY.

The Macmillan Co. announce a History of Greece for High Schools and Academies, by Dr. G. W. Botsford, of Harvard University, and, as a companion volume, a book of the Sources of Greek History, in translation, by Miss A. B. Thompson.

Professor Kurt Wachsmuth's rectoral address at Leipzig, *Ueber Ziele und Methoden der grieschischen Geschichtschreibung*, has been published as a small pamphlet (pp. 19) by A. Edelmann of that city.

The first part of Dr. Edmund Lange's critical review of publications relating to Thucydides since 1890, reprinted from *Philologus*, may now be obtained in separate form (pp. 56) from Dieterich of Leipzig.

The American excavations at Corinth and Sparta are described in the January *Forum*, by M. Jean Gennadius.

Messrs. B. G. Teubner, of Leipzig, announce an important study in the economic history of ancient times, by G. Billeter, Geschichte des Zinsfusses im griechischen-römischen Altertum bis zur Zeit Justinians.

A new section of the *Corpus Inscriptionum Latinarum*, a part of the supplement to Vol. IV., has been published, containing pp. 273-454 of the wax tablets discovered in 1875 and in 1887, edited by Dr. Karl Zangemeister (Berlin, G. Reimer).

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: Sir H. H. Howorth, *The Early History of Babylonia*, I. (English Historical Review, January); F. L. Griffith, *Wills in Ancient Egypt* (Law Quarterly Review, January); R. Pöhlmann, *Die Anfänge des Sozialismus in Europa* (Historisches Zeitschrift, LXXX. 2); W. Soltau, *Die römischen Laudationen und ihr Einfluss auf die Annalistik* (Deutsche Zeitschrift für Geschichtswissenschaft, n. s. II. 2); B. Heisterbergk, *Municeps* (Philologus, LV. 3).

# EARLY CHURCH HISTORY.

Messrs. Roberts Brothers, of Boston, are continuing their translation of Renan's *Origines* by the issue of a translation of his *Antichrist*, by Mr. Joseph H. Allen.

Mr. G. Margoliouth has reprinted in a separate tract (London, David Nutt) his contribution to the *Journal* of the Royal Asiatic Society, called *The Liturgy of the Nile*, using the Palestinian Syriac text of that document, with translations, introductions, etc. The text contains a liturgy to be used for the rising of the Nile, a survival of an earlier Egyptian

rite. A new edition of the Palestinian Gospels (based upon two fresh manuscripts from Mt. Sinai), and a lectionary of the Old and New Testaments, both edited by Mrs. Lewis, are now passing through the press.

The Coptic version of the Acts of Paul, discovered by Carl Schmidt, is discussed by him in the *Neue Heidelberger Jahrbücher*, VII. 117–124; by Professor Adolf Harnack in the *Theologische Literaturzeitung*, 1897, No. 24, 625 to 629; and by Theodor Zahn in the *Neue Kirchliche Zeitschrift* for December, pp. 933–940.

The collection by V. Forcella and E. Seletti, *Iscrizioni Cristiane in Milano anteriori al nono secolo* (Cadogno, A. G. Cairo, pp. xxx, 275), not only presents the Christian inscriptions of Milan with greater completeness than in any previous collection, the number being 254 besides fragments, but gives them with much greater exactness, and presents facsimiles of 133.

#### MEDIEVAL HISTORY.

Dr. Conrad Eubel, whose *Hierarchia Catholica* we recently announced, is now about to publish the fifth volume of his *Bullarium Franciscanum*, issued under the sanction of the general of the order, and containing a further installment of the constitutions, epistles and grants issued by the popes to the order.

Mr. Stanley Lane-Poole, author of the British Museum catalogues of Oriental coins, has printed a catalogue of the collection of Arabic coins preserved in the Khedivial Library at Cairo, the special strength of which lies in the series of coins made under the Omayyad and Abbasside caliphs, and in those of the various Egyptian dynasties.

Dr. Reinhold Röhricht's long-expected Geschichte des Königreichs Jerusalem (1100–1291), a substantial volume of 1105 pages, is published by Wagner, of Innsbruck.

## MODERN EUROPEAN HISTORY.

The fourth volume of the *Monumenta Historica Societatis Jesu* has just been published at Madrid. It extends to 1556, and contains the quarterly reports sent to Rome by Jesuits from all parts of the world except India and Brazil.

Apropos of the present interest in Crete, Monsignor Gaetano Beani has printed (Pistoia, Cacialli) a small book on *Clemente IX. e l' Isola di Candia*, virtually a revised version of the part relating to Crete in his biography of that pontiff, published in 1893.

Captain Mahan's Influence of Sea Power upon the French Revolution and Empire has been translated into German by Admiral Batsch, at the instance of the Imperial Naval Council, and will be published by Mittler in Berlin.

## GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.

The British Government has just issued the first volume (1461-1467) of the Calendars of Patent Rolls for the reign of Edward IV.; and a new volume of the Calendars of Treasury Books and Papers, 1729-1730.

The Historical Manuscripts Commission has issued (Fifteenth Report, App. VII., VIII.) a volume on the MSS. of the Earl of Carlisle at Castle Howard, in which students of the last years of our Revolution will find the correspondence of George Selwyn with the fourth Earl of Carlisle interesting; and another on the MSS. of the Duke of Buccleuch at Drumlanrig, of which the most important part relates to the correspondence of the third duke, and illustrates the latter part of the period of the Restoration. The Commission will shortly issue their third and concluding volume on the Harley Correspondence, belonging to the Duke of Portland; a volume on the papers of the Duke of Somerset, the Marquis of Ailesbury, and the late Sir F. G. Puleston; one on the collections of Mr. J. J. Hope Johnstone of Annandale, and continuations of the Buccleuch, Salisbury, Ormonde and Fortescue papers. Much special attention is now being given to Welsh manuscripts, especially the Mostyn and Peniarth collections.

The last two Congresses of Archaeological Societies resolved to promote the formation of a national catalogue of portraits, as an important branch of historical research, and systematic efforts to obtain the necessary information are now being made through the local societies which are affiliated in the Congress, and through individual circulars.

An Index of (English) Archaeological Papers published in 1896 (pp. 53) has been issued under the direction of the Congress of Archaeological Societies and the Society of Antiquaries. It is the sixth issue of the series, and completes the index for the period 1891 to 1896. Certain sets of transactions not included in the previous annual pamphlets are here indexed throughout these six years. An index of all these transactions and journals from their beginning down to 1890 is ready in manuscript, merely awaiting funds for its publication.

Messrs. Kegan Paul, Trench, Trübner and Co. have begun to issue in parts an *Index to the Early Printed Books in the British Museum*, edited by R. Proctor. The volume, when completed, will contain between 800 and 900 pages, and will present a list of the books printed in the fifteenth century, which were in the library of the Museum on the 1st of July, 1897, together with additions containing such books as are also or only in the Bodleian Library at Oxford. The edition will be limited.

The second volume of the *Bibliotheca Lindesiana*, compiled by the Earl of Crawford, consists of a list of proclamations from 1509 to 1837, arranged in chronological order, with notice of the contents and indication in what library or printed work each may be found. It forms thus a useful supplement to the *Calendars of State Papers*.

Mr. Thomas D. Atkinson's Cambridge Described and Illustrated, being a Short History of the Town and University (London, Macmillan, pp. 528) is especially designed to bring into new prominence the town of Cambridge, and to dispel the common notion of its being a mere appanage of the university. The book is elaborately illustrated by the reproduction of old plates and by new drawings.

The Ford Lectures at Oxford this winter were given by Professor F. W. Maitland, of Cambridge.

Dr. P. Hume Brown, the biographer of John Knox and of George Buchanan, is so far advanced with his *History of Scotland* that the first volume, bringing down the narrative to the accession of Mary Stuart, will probably be published by the Cambridge University Press this spring.

An Irish Text Society has been formed as an off-shoot of the Irish Literary Society, for the purpose of publishing texts in the Irish language, accompanied by introductions, English translations, and brief notes. The society will devote itself chiefly to manuscripts hitherto unpublished and will bring out both Middle-Irish texts and modern texts of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. Among the early undertakings of the committee will be a complete edition of Keating's *History of Ireland*.

Professor J. Rhys, professor of Celtic in the University of Oxford, is understood to be preparing a book entitled Celts and Pre-Celts and their Idioms and Institutions, as Illustrated by Inscriptions found in the British Isles. It will contain the texts of the inscriptions, followed by chapters of notes and deductions bearing on the Celtic and Pictish peoples.

The approaching anniversary of King Alfred's death will be made the occasion of the publication of a *Life of King Alfred* by Professor York Powell, and of a book of extracts from the original authorities for King Alfred's life and times, edited and translated by the same scholar.

A new edition of King Alfred's translation of Bede has begun to appear in Grein's (Wülker's) Bibliothek der angelsächsischen Prosa, the first half, edited by Dr. Jacob Schipper, having been published at Leipzig by G. H. Wigand, König Alfred's Ubersetzung von Beda's Kirchengeschichte, I. (pp. ix, 272). Dr. Schipper has reprinted from the transactions of the Vienna Academy a brief paper (pp. 13) on Die Geschichte und der gegenwärtige Stand der Forschung über König Alfred's Übersetzung von Bedas Kirchengeschichte.

The Corporation of Leicester have authorized the publication of a volume of extracts from their earliest muniments, 1100 to 1329, to be edited by Miss Mary Bateson, and to be printed at the Cambridge University Press.

The Council of the Scottish Text Society announces a new edition of the *Chronicles* of Robert Lindsay of Pitscottie, edited by Dr. Æneas Mackay. The original print extended only to 1565. A manuscript has now been discovered which contains the completion to the year 1575, and this new matter will be printed by the Society.

The Parish Register Society has privately printed the *Baptisms at Stratford-on-Avon* from March, 1558, to March, 1663, containing the register of Shakspere's baptism, and a considerable number of other entries relating to his family.

The Navy Records Society, finding that their *Journal of Sir George Rooke*, noticed in our last number, was printed from a quite inacurate transcript, supply to possessors of the volume a list of errata.

Beginning with its issue of February 19, *Literature* is printing a remarkable series of Nelson papers. Chief in interest among them are his letters to his wife in the years 1794–1797, of which some have not been known before, while others have been printed so incorrectly as to give a quite unfair notion of the relations of the husband and wife.

Under the direction of Dr. George M. Theal, colonial historiographer, the government of the Cape Colony has been perfecting its archives by procuring copies of important papers from Europe. Those of the period from 1652 to 1795 have been copied in the archives at the Hague; those from 1795 to 1826, at the Public Record Office in London. A considerable amount of Portuguese matter relating to the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries is also being copied. A number of volumes of such material are being printed for the Cape government.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: F. W. Maitland, A Prologue to the History of English Law (Law Quarterly Review, January); F. Baring, The Conqueror's Footprints in Domesday (English Historical Review, January); J. R. Tanner, The Administration of the Navy from the Restoration to the Revolution, II. (English Historical Review, January); J. F. Chance, Jean de Robethon and the Robethon Papers (English Historical Review, January).

#### FRANCE.

The University of Paris has issued the fourth volume of the Cartularium Universitatis Parisiensis, containing documents illustrating the period from 1394 to 1452, the date at which the constitution of the university was reformed by Cardinal D'Estouteville. Vol. V. will contain documents of the same period relating more especially to religious matters, and will, apparently, conclude the series.

The last issue of the series called Story of the Nations is a volume on *Modern France*, 1789–1895, by M. André Lebon.

M. F. Castanié will shortly publish an *Itinéraire de Napoléon*, prepared with great labor from original authorities, in which Napoleon will be followed from day to day, and on days of battle from half-hour to half-hour.

- M. P. Marmottan's Elisa Bonaparte (Paris, Champion, pp. 318) is only the beginning of an elaborate study of its subject. Elisa's career as Princess of Lucca and Grand-duchess of Tuscany are to be treated later. From various documents, sixty pages of which are printed in the book, the author contrives to cast not a little new light, especially on the period of the Consulate. Another member of the Bonaparte connection is being treated in a similar manner, after very serious archivestudies, by Mme. Caroline d'Arjuzon in her Hortense de Beauharnais (Calmann Lévy), which proceeds from 1783 to 1803, and is to be fol lowed by La Reine Hortense and La Contesse de St. Leu.
- M. G. Bertin's La Campagne de 1814 (Paris, Flammarion, pp. 354) is a patient study, on the same plan as his previous books on the campaigns of 1812 and 1813, of the eye-witness account of the struggle.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: Abbé Vacandard, Saint Ouen avant son Episcopat (Revue des Questions Historiques, January); P. Fournier, L'Oeuvre Canonique d'Yves de Chartres et son Influence (Revue des Questions Historiques, January); L. Le Grand, Les Maisons-Dieu; leur Régime Intérieur au Moyen Age (Revue des Questions Historiques, January); V. Pierre, Le Clergé Français en Allemagne pendant la Révolution (Revue des Questions Historiques, January); A. Sorel, L'Europe et le Directoire, V. La Révolution de Brumaire (Revue des deux Mondes, January 1); H. Houssaye, La Bataille de Ligny (Revue des deux Mondes, January 15, February 1); E. Ollivier, Napoléon III., I. (Revue des deux Mondes, February 15); Baron Du Casse, Le 5° Corps d'Armée d'Italie en 1859, I. (Revue Historique, March); Duc de Broglie, Victor Duruy (Revue des deux Mondes, February 1).

# ITALY, SPAIN, PORTUGAL.

In the January number of the Revue des Questions Historiques, Doctor Pedro Roca presents a detailed review of the Spanish historical publications of the years 1895, 1896, and M. Léon G. Pélissier of those of Italy. The former are also reviewed by Señor Rafael Altamira in the Revue Historique of March-April.

Professor Pasquale Villari has been chosen president of the Istituto Storico Italiano, in the place of the late Senator Marco Tabarrini.

The Prince of Naples has decided to undertake the publication of a *Corpus Nummorum Italicorum*, based on his own remarkable collection and on the other chief collections of Europe. The work is intended to have a magnitude and an excellence which will make it of great use to historical students. It is computed that fifty thousand coins will be described in it.

Fasc. III.-IV. of Vol. XX. of the Archivio della R. Società Romana di Storia Patria contains a treatise on some manuscripts of the Liber Pontificalis, by I. Giorgi; a thorough-going article on the taxes on salt

and firewood in medieval Rome, by G. Tomassetti; and an account of the possessions of the Colonna family in the fifteenth century, by Professor Lanciani.

With a volume of 409 pages on the kingdom of Italy (Leipzig, G. H. Wigand) Dr. Ludo Moritz Hartmann begins the publication of an extensive work entitled Geschichte Italiens im Mittelalter. An essay in a related field is Dr. Wilhelm Marten's Beleuchtung der neuesten Controversen über die römische Frage unter Pippin und Karl dem Grossen (Munich, C. H. Beck, pp. 158).

The municipality of Florence intends to celebrate this spring the centenary of Paolo Toscanelli (born 1398), and that of Amerigo Vespucci. The festivities will be elaborate. The Commissione per le Pubblicazioni Scientifiche will take occasion of the celebration to publish the Vagliensi manuscript, containing the relation of the supposed Vespucian voyage of 1497, edited by Professor Gustavo Uzielli. The president of the committee having charge of the celebration is the Marquis Torrigiani, syndic of Florence.

Signor Isidoro del Lungo's *Florentia*; *Uomini e Cose del Quattrocento* (Florence, Barbèra) has for the most important part of its content a careful investigation of the life and personality of Politian, but by other means likewise illustrates, with learning and insight, the life of the city in his times.

Signor Benedetto Croce, in his Studii Storici sulla Rivoluzione Napoletana del 1799 (Rome, Loescher and Co., pp. 290), presents interesting results from careful studies into the history of Eleonora de Fonseca
and the Monitore Napoletano, of Vincenzio Russo, of Luisa Sanfelice and
the Baccher conspiracy, of the Neapolitan Jacobins before 1799, and of
Domenico Cirillo and the pardon offered him by Hamilton and Nelson.

Much light is cast upon an important period of the modern history of Italy by the publication of the full and impartial record of events in 1870–1871, kept in the form of a diary by Senator Stefano Castagnola, and now published by his son-in-law Signor E. Devoto, with notes by Augusto Ferrero. The diary extends from August 20, 1870, when Prince Napoleon came to Florence to invoke the alliance of Italy, to November 27, 1871, the day of the first meeting of the Italian parliament at Rome. During all this period Castagnola was minister of agriculture, industry and commerce. The diary is published under the title: Di Firenze a Roma; Diario Storico-politico del 1870–71 (Turin, Roux, Frassati and Co.).

The Revista Crítica de Historia y Literatura for October contains a careful account of the life and works of the late Don Pascual de Gayángos y Arce. The November-December number contains a long and final instalment of Señor Julian Ribera's study of "El Justicia de Aragón y la Organizacion Jurídica de los Musulmanes Españoles."

This series, with other chapters added, has been published in a volume with the title *Origenes del Justicia de Aragón*. With its January number the *Revista* changes to a small quarto form, instead of small folio, but with an increased number of pages. The address of the editor, Señor Rafael Altamira, is now at the University of Oviedo.

Don José Ramón de Luanco, professor of chemistry in the University of Barcelona, has published the second volume of his elaborate and scholarly studies in the history of alchemy, La Alquimia en España (Barcelona, pp. 289).

Captain Fernandez Duro has published the third volume (Madrid, pp. 522) of his history of the Spanish navy, Armada Española desde la Unión de los Reinos de Castilla y de Aragon, of which the first volume was reviewed in Vol. II., p. 344 of this journal.

Senhor Jeronymo da Camara Manuel, the editor of the letters of St. Francis Xavier, will review in the *Revista Critica de Historia* the whole mass of the publications elicited by the centenary of the discovery of India by the Cape route.

# GERMANY, AUSTRIA, SWITZERLAND.

Though the Bibliographie der deutschen Zeitschriften-Litteratur extends over the whole field of general bibliography and is not devoted to history alone, yet students of history may be glad to know of the existence of its first volume (Leipzig, F. Andrä's Nachf., pp. 184). This volume presents an index, composed somewhat after the manner of the annual Poole-Fletcher, of about 8,500 articles which appeared during 1896 in about 275 periodicals, chiefly scientific, in the German language. The author's name, the volume and page of the article, the name and address of the publisher, and the price of the periodical are given.

With the present month the *Deutsche Zeitschrift für Geschichtswissenschaft* passes into the hands of the house of B. G. Teubner, of Leipzig, and becomes the *Historische Vierteljahrschrift*, under the editorial management of Dr. Gerhard Seeliger, professor in the University of Leipzig. Its general character is not expected to be essentially changed.

In the *Revue Historique* for January-February Dr. M. Philippson presents a detailed review of the German books of modern history published in 1896.

Vol. LXVIII. of the Publikationen aus den kön. preussischen Staatarchiven (Leipzig, S. Hirzel, pp. 641) is a volume of the political correspondence (1621–1631) of Count Franz Wilhelm von Wartenberg,
bishop of Osnabrück. Vol. LXIX. is another instalment of the Hessisches Urkundenbuch, presenting documents relating to Hanau from 1376
to 1400. The government has brought out the twenty-fourth volume of
the Politische Correspondenz Friedrich's des Grossen (Berlin, A. Duncker,
pp. 435).

To the series of Annalen der deutschen Geschichte im Mittelalter, third division (Ottonen und Salier), Dr. Gustav Richter has added a half-volume for the reign of Henry IV. edited by himself and a half-volume edited by Horst Kohl and Walter Opitz devoted to the reigns of Henry V. and Lothar. An appendix by Ernst Devrient deals with the constitution of the German empire under the Saxon and Salian emperors (Halle, Buchh. des Waisenhauses, pp. 782).

With a title-page which indicates that it is the first of a series of Erläuterungen und Ergänzungen zu Janssens Geschichte des deutschen Volkes put forth by Dr. Ludwig Pastor, Dr. Nikolaus Paulus publishes (Freiburg i. B., Herder, pp. 100) a brief work called Luthers Lebensende, eine kritische Untersuchung.

A beginning has now been made of publication in the second period or division (1560-1572) of the Nuntiaturberichte aus Deutschland nebst ergänzenden Aktenstücken; the Vienna Academy has brought out, as Bd. I. (Vienna, C. Gerold's Sohn, pp. cviii, 453) the reports of the nuncii Hosius and Delfino, 1560-1561, edited by S. Steinherz. In the first period (1533-1559) the Prussian Historical Institute has published, as Vol. VIII., the documents for the nunciature of Verallo, 1545-1546, edited by Walter Friedensburg.

Two new memorials of Stein on the German constitution, from the papers of Stadion in the Vienna archives, are printed in the *Historische Zeitschrift*, LXXX. 2.

More than a purely municipal or local interest attaches to the second division of the *Urkunden und Akten der Stadt Strassburg*. It is a series of volumes of the political correspondence of the city during the period of the Reformation. Vol. III., covering the years 1540–1545, and edited by Otto Winckelmann, has just appeared (Strassburg, K. J. Trübner, pp. 780).

Karl Grosse's Geschichte der Stadt Leipzig, originally published in 1842, is now to be brought out in a new edition, adorned with some eighty pictures and plans taken from old and rare engravings. The first volume has already appeared (Leipzig, Zangenberg and Himly, pp. 594).

Dr. Ludwig von Thallóczy, chief of the Hofkammer archives at Vienna, will shortly publish a history of Hungary in the Middle Ages.

The Vienna Alterthumsverein has brought out, under the editorial care of Dr. Heinrich Zimmermann, the first volume of its Geschichte der Stadt Wein (Vienna, A. Holzhausen, pp. xxiv, 632). The volume is an elaborate folio, with 34 separate plates and 181 illustrations inserted in the text. It brings the narrative down to the time of the Hapsburgs, 1282.

Dr. Rudolf Stähelin's Huldreich Zwingli, sein Leben und Wirken, nach den Quellen dargestellt, is now completed by the publication of the fourth part, finishing Vol. II. (Basel, B. Schwabe, pp. 540).

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Noteworthy articles in periodicals: H. Bresslau, Zur Geschichte der deutschen Königswahlen von der Mitte des 13. bis zur Mitte des 14. Jahrhunderts (Deutsche Zeitschrift für Geschichtswissenschaft, n. s. II. 2); M. Lenz, Napoleon I. und Preussen (Cosmopolis, February).

## NETHERLANDS.

Miss Ruth Putnam is completing a translation, begun some time ago, of Professor P. J. Blok's Geschiedenis van het Nederlandsche Volk.

Dr. Paul Fredericq has published the second volume of the *Geschiedenis der Inquisitie in de Nederlanden*, in which he presents the history of the inquisition, episcopal and papal, in the Netherlands to the end of the fourteenth century.

Mr. Jan Joris Mulder has published at Ghent Twee Verhandelingen over de Inquisitie in de Nederlanden tijdens de XVI<sup>e</sup> Eeuw (pp. 126).

#### NORTHERN AND EASTERN EUROPE.

Mr. Oscar Browning, university lecturer on history at King's College, Cambridge, has just completed a life of Peter the Great, to be published by Messrs. Hutchinson, and intends to write a life of Charles XII. of Sweden, to be published by Messrs. Hurst and Blackett.

Professor B. Bilbassof's biographical and bibliographical work on the empress Catharine now appears in an authorized German translation, with a preface by Professor Theodor Schiemann of Berlin, *Katharina II.*, *Kaiserin von Russland*, *im Urteile der Weltlitteratur* (Berlin, Stuhr, two vols., pp. 736).

The historical section of the Academy of Cracow has brought out, as Vol. XVI. of its *Scriptores Rerum Polonicarum*, the *Annales* of Stanislaus Temberski, 1647–1656, edited by Dr. Victor Czermak.

## AMERICA.

Mr. George Thomas Watkins, of Indianapolis, has issued a preliminary list of brief titles of books and pamphlets relating to the history of printing in America, under the name *American Typographical Bibliography*, and asks aid toward a completer bibliography of the subject.

The sixteenth series of the Johns Hopkins University Studies in Historical and Political Science, the volume for 1898, begins with an extensive paper on the Neutrality of the American lakes and the Anglo-American Relations connected therewith, by Dr. J. M. Callahan. The following papers are announced as to follow: West Florida in its Relation to the Historical Cartography of the United States, by Mr. Henry E. Chambers, of New Orleans; Anti-Slavery Leaders of North Carolina, by Professor J. S. Bassett; the Life and Administration of Sir Robert Eden, by Dr. B. C. Steiner; the History of State Banking in Maryland, by Dr. A. C. Bryan; the Maryland and Virginia Boundary Controversy, by L. N. Whealton; the Labadist Colony in Maryland, by the Rev. B. B. James;

The Early Development of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Project, by Professor George W. Ward; Slavery in Virginia, by Dr. James C. Ballagh.

The American Jewish Historical Society held its sixth annual meeting at New York on December 29 and 30. Papers were read on the political history of the Jews in New York, on the early history of the Spanish and Portuguese Jews of Montreal, on the origins of the Jewish colony at New Amsterdam, on early Jewish wills of New York, on the manuscripts of Haym Solomon, and on the mystic and physicist, Jacob Philadelphia. Documentary matter relative to the Jews of Curaçao, Surinam, and Spanish America was presented.

M. Henry Harrisse has printed in a separate form a memoir entitled L'Atterrage de Jean Cabot au Continent Américain en 1497, read before the Royal Society of Göttingen in October and published in its Nachrichten.

The second volume of Professor A. B. Hart's American History Told by Contemporaries ("The Building of the Republic," 1689–1783) is now ready. Its publishers, The Macmillan Co., also announce A Source-Book of American History, by the same writer, intended for use in high schools and academies.

It is agreeable news that Miss Kate Mason Rowland's Life of Charles Carroll of Carrollton (Putnams) has been brought to publication. The same firm announce a series of volumes by Professor Moses Coit Tyler, entitled A Century of American Statesmen, in which the history of the century, in American politics, will be surveyed by means of forty-odd biographies of leading statesmen.

Hon. John Winslow has brought out as one of the publications of the New York Society of the Order of the Founders and Patriots of America, an interesting pamphlet of 39 pages on the Battle of Lexington as Looked at in London Before Chief Justice Mansfield and a Jury in the Trial of John Horne, Esq., for Libel of the British Government.

The Lundy's Lane Historical Society has now issued the second part of its *Documentary History of the Campaign on the Niagara Frontier in 1814* (James E. Wilson, the secretary of the Society, Niagara Falls South, Ontario). The documents have been derived from the Canadian archives, from the manuscripts of Governor Tompkins, and from those of General P. B. Porter and others. The volume, which extends to 298 pages, has been edited by Major E. Cruikshank.

The January number of the *Publications* of the Rhode Island Historical Society contains an article on the *Providence Gazette*, its publishers, publication offices and editors, by Dr. Amos Perry, and an account of the oldest town records in the state—the records of Portsmouth from 1639. The volume is being copied, and it is hoped that it will before long be printed.

The New London County Historical Society proposes to publish the *Diary of Joshua Hempstead* if a sufficient number of subscriptions are received. It covers the period from 1711 to 1758 and contains, besides matter relating to local histary, many entries relating to the colonial wars, and a description of the author's journey from New London to Maryland.

The Half-Moon Series for 1898 will comprise, among other pieces, papers on Tammany Hall, by Mr. Talcott Williams; on slavery in old New York, by Mr. E. V. Morgan; on prisons and punishments, by Miss E. D. Lewis; on the Bowling Green, by Mr. Spencer Trask; on old taverns and posting inns, by Miss B. B. Cutting, and on the New York press in the eighteenth century, by Mr. B. E. Martin.

Rev. Dr. E. T. Corwin, official histographer of the General Synod of the Dutch Reformed Church in America, has for some months been engaged in researches in the archives of the Classis of Amsterdam, relating to the early history of the churches in New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. Important materials are being obtained, and the Synod desires additional money for the prosecution of the work.

The Baptist Historical Collection which had been formed by the late Samuel Colgate has now been transferred from his home in Orange to the library of Colgate University at Hamilton, N. Y. The volumes and pamphlets now number 35,000. Mr. Colgate bequeathed to the university \$20,000, the income from which is to be used in caring for and enlarging the collection.

The second annual meeting of the Vassar Alumnae Historical Association was held at Vassar College on February 19. The number of members has risen to 160. The object of the association is to strengthen the educational bond between the alumnae and the college, and to keep up interest in local and other historical work.

Mr. Churchill G. Chamberlayne, of Richmond, Va., proposes, as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers has been obtained, to publish the *Vestry Book and Register of Bristol Parish*, recently rediscovered in the library of a deceased Virginian clergyman. The manuscript volume contains the records of vestry meetings from 1720 to 1789, and a register of births, baptisms and deaths extending over an even longer period. Mr. Chamberlayne's address is P. O. Drawer 927, Richmond.

The forty-fifth annual meeting of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin was held on December 9. The additions to the library were reported as 3809 books and 4886 pamphlets. In view of the approaching fiftieth anniversary of the state of Wisconsin, the society has issued pamphlets of suggestions looking toward appropriate historical celebrations by local historical societies or societies of pioneers or early settlers. The occasion has been taken to encourage the formation of such societies in large numbers, and the suggestions with regard to their activities on

this occasion and subsequently are of the most ingenious and sensible kind. The legislation of the state on such societies is printed, and suggested forms for their constitutions and by-laws.

At the annual meeting of the Wisconsin Academy of Science, Arts and Letters, December 27 to 29, Dr. O. G. Libby presented a paper on Some Economic Aspects of the Greenback and Populist Movements; Mr. B. H. Meyer a paper on Early General Railway Legislation in Wisconsin; Mr. Charles H. Chandler a historical note on Early American Railroads.

Professor Benjamin F. Shambaugh, of the State University of Iowa, continues his useful *Documentary Material relating to the History of Iowa* by the publication of Nos. 9, 10 and 11, containing laws concerning local government in the Northwest Territory, incidentally operative in Iowa. He has also published the first part (Dubuque County) of the *First Census of the Original Counties of Dubuque and Demoine*. The former pamphlet is issued by the University, the latter by the Historical Department of the State government.

The National Museum of Mexico has recently published, for the first time, an important work on the history of the Dominican order in New Spain, Libro Tercero de la Historia Religiosa de la Provincia de Mexico, written by Fr. Hernando Ojea in 1608 as a continuation of Davila Padilla. The book, which relates specifically to the twenty years preceding its completion, is edited by Don José M. de Agreda y Sánchez, director of the National Library, who supplies an introduction and an appendix valuable for the economic history of New Spain in the sixteenth century.

The interesting history of the hospital founded by Cortés in the city of Mexico, written by Don Carlos de Siguënza y Góngora in 1689, with the title *Piedad Heróica de D. Fernando Cortés*, has been reprinted through the agency of La Semana Catolica of Mexico. It is edited by Dr. Nicolas León, from a transcript of an imperfect original. No printed copy of the original is now to be found. Dr. Leon is understood to be at work upon a history of the state of Chiapas. In conjunction with Mr. Mr. Lyman H. Low he has recently published (Cuernavaca) a short study of *La Moneda del General Insurgente Don José Maria Morelos*, which, besides its numismatic interest, conveys much information on points of economic history during the struggle carried on by Morelos.

A Bibliografia de la Imprenta en Guatemala en los Siglos XVI y XVII (pp. 121) by J. E. O'Ryon, is announced as privately printed at Santa Fé.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: H. C. Lodge, The Story of the Revolution (Scribner's Magazine, January-April); A. T. Mahan, The Naval Campaign of 1776 on Lake Champlain (Scribner's Magazine, February); W. P. Sterns, International Indebtedness of the United States in 1789 (Journal of Political Economy, December).